Located within the Oak Forest heritage Preserve, Pogie Lake is the newest fishing lake in the Forest Preserves of Cook County. This 14-acre pond can be accessed through the Oak Forest Health Center on $159^{\text {th }}$ Street just east of Cicero Avenue in Oak Forest, Illinois. While open to fishing, the fishery at this pond is still under development. An accessible fishing area is located at the southwest corner of the pond. The eastern section of the pond has been set aside for wildlife and is closed to fishing.

## Fish Population Survey

Fish population surveys are periodically conducted on Forest Preserves lakes in order to assess the health of the lake and the fish population in it. Surveys last anywhere from a few hours to a few days depending on the size of the lake.

Water samples are collected and analyzed for each survey. The information collected over the years will show trends in the lake's health. If any unusual readings are found, further tests may be done, or the Illinois DNR and EPA may be asked to investigate.

Fish are collected during surveys to assess the health of the population. Several methods are used to collect fish, these include experimental gill nets, Fyke or trap nets and the use of an electro-fishing boat. All fish collected are measured, weighed and a scale sample is collected when applicable. These scale samples are used to age the fish. All fish are then returned to the lake when possible.

The information listed below was collected during the most recent survey. It is only a snapshot in time. Many factors such as temperature, wind, rain and even moonlight can affect the species and number of fish that are collected. The Forest Preserves' Fisheries Section looks at data from many years when assessing a lake's fish population and assumptions from just one year of data therefore should not be made.

The dates of the survey along with the type of equipment used and the length of time it was fished is listed below. The "Total Population" tables \& charts show all species collected and includes not only game fish but also forage fish. A healthy balanced population of forage fish and predatory (game) fish is needed in order to support a healthy overall fish population. Ideally, 30 to $40 \%$ of a lake's total fish population should be made up of forage fish in order to support a healthy predatory fish population. The species of forage fish varies from lake to lake, gizzard shad may be the main forage fish in one lake, while Bluegill/sunfish may be the main forage fish in another

Individual species tables are included only for the game fish that were collected. Game fish are those fish most sought after by anglers.

Date of survey: July 29, 2020
Electro-fishing time: 20 minutes
Fyke nets fished: o hours
o feet of gill nets fished: o hours

Total Population Sampled

| Species | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Bluegill | 65 | $38.01 \%$ |
| Golden Shiner | 57 | $33.33 \%$ |
| Green Sunfish | 35 | $20.47 \%$ |
| Goldfish | 12 | $7.02 \%$ |
| Fathead Minnow | 2 | $1.17 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |



## Bluegill

| $1 / 2$-Inch <br> Group | Number <br> Collected | \% of <br> Population | Average Weight <br> lbs. | Age |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2.0 | 1 | $1.54 \%$ | 0.002 | $0+$ |
| 2.5 | 4 | $6.15 \%$ | 0.01 | $0+$ |
| 3.0 | 14 | $21.54 \%$ | 0.02 | $0-1+$ |
| 3.5 | 3 | $4.62 \%$ | 0.04 | $1+$ |
| 4.0 | 2 | $3.08 \%$ | 0.06 | $1+$ |
| 4.5 | 5 | $7.69 \%$ | 0.07 | $1+$ |
| 5.0 | 19 | $29.23 \%$ | 0.11 | $1-2+$ |
| 5.5 | 8 | $12.31 \%$ | 0.15 | $2+$ |
| 6.0 | 7 | $10.77 \%$ | 0.16 | $2+$ |
| 6.5 | 1 | $1.54 \%$ | 0.23 | $3+$ |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 8.5 | 1 | $1.54 \%$ | 0.52 | $4+$ |
| Totals | $\mathbf{6 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 1 \%}$ |  |  |

## Green Sunfish

| $1 / 2-$-Inch <br> Group | Number <br> Collected | \% of <br> Population | Average Weight <br> lbs. | Age |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2.0 | 4 | $11.43 \%$ | 0.007 | $0+$ |
| 2.5 | 4 | $11.43 \%$ | 0.01 | $0+$ |
| 3.0 | 6 | $17.14 \%$ | 0.02 | $0-1+$ |
| 3.5 | 6 | $17.14 \%$ | 0.04 | $1-2+$ |
| 4.0 | 10 | $28.57 \%$ | 0.06 | $2+$ |
| 4.5 | 4 | $11.43 \%$ | 0.08 | $2+$ |
| 5.0 | 1 | $2.86 \%$ | 0.09 | $2+$ |
| Totals | $\mathbf{3 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |  |  |

## Goldfish

| 1/2-Inch <br> Group | Number Collected | \% of Population | Average Weight lbs. | Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.0 | 2 | 16.67\% | 0.01 | O+ |
| 3.5 | 1 | 8.33\% | 0.04 | O+ |
| 4.0 | 3 | 25.00\% | 0.04 | O+ |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 9.0 | 2 | 16.67\% | 0.55 | 1+ |
| 9.5 | 2 | 16.67\% | 0.58 | 1+ |
| 10.0 | 1 | 8.33\% | 0.66 | 1+ |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 11.0 | 1 | 8.33\% | 0.89 | 1+ |
| Totals | 12 | 100.00\% |  |  |

## Stocking

The Forest Preserves of Cook County works closely with the Illinois Department of Natural Resources to stock fishes within the Forest Preserves lakes. The decision to stock fish and the number of fish stocked is based on many factors including but not limited to type of species, size of fish stocked, size of the lake and type of stocking. The Forest Preserves of Cook County must follow State of Illinois regulation regarding the introduction and stocking of fish. All requests to stock a new species into a District lake must go through the State's Management Recommendation Committee.

Most stocking fall under one of three categories, introduction, supplemental and put-and-take. Introduction stockings are the introduction of a new species within an existing lake or the stocking of a new body of water. Supplemental stockings are the stocking of species already in a lake and are used to supplement a species that may not successively reproduce on its own or has been overfished. Fish stocked in a put-and-take stocking are catchable size fish.

## Pogie Lake Population Survey

## Size of Fish Stocked

Most of the fish stocked in the lakes of the Forest Preserves of Cook County are young-of-the-year and are provided by the IDNR Hatcheries. Fish from the hatcheries are stocked upon availability and are funded by your fishing licenses.

These fish range in size from 2 to 3 -inches for Largemouth Bass and $1 / 2$ to $3 / 4$-inch for Bluegill.

| Species | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 3}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Largemouth Bass | - | - | - | 5,580 | 4,050 |
| Bluegill | - | 15,000 |  | 14,545 | 27,265 |

